

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
DALLAS DIVISION**

RAUL EDDIE LOPEZ, #1145545
Plaintiff,

v.

PEREZ, et al.,
Defendants.

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3:13-CV-3748-D-BK

**FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION
OF THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE**

Plaintiff, a state prisoner, filed a *pro se* complaint against Perez and John Doe Defendants. For the reasons that follow, this action should be dismissed for want of prosecution.

I. BACKGROUND

On September 18, 2013, the Court issued a deficiency order, requiring a new civil rights complaint on the court-approved form, with all requisite fields filled out, and a properly signed certificate of inmate trust account. The deadline for Plaintiff to comply was October 17, 2013. As of the date of this recommendation, however, Plaintiff has not responded to the Court's deficiency order, nor has he sought an extension of time to do so.

II. ANALYSIS

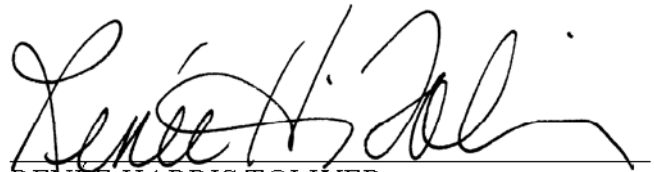
[Rule 41\(b\) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure](#) allows a court to dismiss an action *sua sponte* for failure to prosecute or for failure to comply with the federal rules or any court order. [Larson v. Scott, 157 F.3d 1030, 1031 \(5th Cir. 1998\)](#). "This authority flows from the court's inherent power to control its docket and prevent undue delays in the disposition of pending cases." [Boudwin v. Graystone Ins. Co., Ltd., 756 F.2d 399, 401 \(5th Cir. 1985\)](#) (citing [Link v. Wabash R.R. Co., 370 U.S. 626 \(1962\)](#)).

Plaintiff has been given ample opportunity to respond to the Court's deficiency order. He has impliedly refused or declined to do so. Therefore, this action should be dismissed without prejudice for lack of prosecution. See [FED. R. CIV. P. 41\(b\)](#) (an involuntary dismissal "operates as an adjudication on the merits," unless otherwise specified).¹

III. RECOMMENDATION

For the foregoing reasons, it is recommended that this action be **DISMISSED** without prejudice for want of prosecution and that the motion to proceed *in forma pauperis* be **DENIED**.


SIGNED October 28, 2013.



RENEE HARRIS TOLIVER
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SERVICE AND NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL/OBJECT

A copy of this report and recommendation will be served on all parties in the manner provided by law. Any party who objects to any part of this report and recommendation must file specific written objections within 14 days after being served with a copy. See [28 U.S.C. § 636\(b\)\(1\)](#); [FED. R. CIV. P. 72\(b\)](#). In order to be specific, an objection must identify the specific finding or recommendation to which objection is made, state the basis for the objection, and specify the place in the magistrate judge's report and recommendation where the disputed determination is found. An objection that merely incorporates by reference or refers to the briefing before the magistrate judge is not specific. Failure to file specific written objections will bar the aggrieved party from appealing the factual findings and legal conclusions of the magistrate judge that are accepted or adopted by the district court, except upon grounds of plain error. See [Douglass v. United Services Automobile Ass'n](#), 79 F.3d 1415, 1417 (5th Cir. 1996).



RENEE HARRIS TOLIVER
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

¹ Absent a proper complaint, the Court cannot determine when the events at issue in this case occurred. Thus, it is unclear whether the higher standard for dismissal with prejudice for want of prosecution would be applicable in this case. See [Callip v. Harris County Child Welfare Department](#), 757 F.2d 1513, 1519 (5th Cir. 1985).